

No. (Terms)	Name (Born–Died)	Cabinet	Term Start (Reason)	Term Ends (Reason)	Time in office	Policy date	Political party
<b>King Prajadhipok (Rama VII)</b> (25 November 1925 – 2 March 1935)							
1 (1–3)	Phraya Manopakorn Nititada (Kon Hutasingha) (1884–1948)	1	28 June 1932 (House of Representatives Resolution)	10 December 1932 (New "Permanent" Constitution Promulgated)	0 years, 358 days	No Formal Policy Declaration	Independent
		2	10 December 1932 (House of Representatives Resolution)		1 April 1933 (House Dissolution by emergency Royal Decree)	20 December 1932	
		3	1 April 1933 (Royal Decree)		21 June 1933 (Removed by: 1933 coup d'état)	1 April 1933	
2 (1–2)	Colonel Phraya Phahon Phonphayahasena (1887–1947)	4	21 June 1933 (House of Representatives Resolution)	16 December 1933 (Mandated: 15 November General Election)	1 year, 93 days	26 June 1933	Khana Ratsadon (Military faction)
		5	16 December 1933 (House of Representatives Resolution)	22 September 1934 (Resignation: Parliamentary Disapproval of "Rubber Limitations Act")		25 December 1933	
<b>King Ananda Mahidol (Rama VIII)</b> (2 March 1935 – 9 June 1946)							
(2) (3–5)	Colonel Phraya Phahon Phonphayahasena (1889–1958)	6	22 September 1934 (House of Representatives Resolution)	9 August 1937 (Resignation: Crown Real-estate scandals)	4 years, 85 days	24 September 1934	Khana Ratsadon (Military faction)
		7	9 August 1937 (House of Representatives Resolution)	21 December 1937 (Term Ends: 7 November General Election)		11 August 1937	
		8	21 December 1937 (House of Representatives)	16 December 1938 (Parliament Dissolution: 12 November)		23 December 1937	

			Resolution)	General Election)			
3 (1–2)	Field Marshal Plaek Phibunsongkhram (1897–1964)	9	16 December 1938 (House of Representatives Resolution)	7 March 1942 (Resignation: Cabinet Reshuffle)	5 years, 229 days	26 December 1938	Khana Ratsadon (Military faction)
		10	7 March 1942 (House of Representatives Resolution)	1 August 1944 (Resignation: Parliamentary Disapproval of "Petchaboon Municipality Act")		16 March 1942	
4 (1)	Major Khuang Aphaiwong (1902–1968)	11	1 August 1944 (House of Representatives Resolution)	31 August 1945 (Resignation: Post-War Election)	1 year, 30 days	3 August 1944	Khana Ratsadon (Civil faction)
5	Tawee Boonyaket (1904–1971)	12	31 August 1945 (House of Representatives Resolution)	17 September 1945 (Resignation)	0 years, 17 days	1 September 1945	Free Thai
6 (1)	Mom Rajawongse Seni Pramoj (1905–1997)	13	17 September 1945 (Regency Council Command)	31 January 1946 (Resignation: conflicts within Cabinet)	0 years, 136 days	19 September 1945	Free Thai
(4) (2)	Major Khuang Aphaiwong (1902–1968)	14	31 January 1946 (House of Representatives Resolution)	24 March 1946 (Resignation: Government Disapproval of Parliamentary Resolution)	0 years, 52 days	7 February 1946	Independent
King Bhumibol Adulyadej (Rama IX) (9 June 1946 – present)							
7	Dr. Pridi Banomyong (1900–1983)	15	24 March 1946 (House of Representatives Resolution)	11 June 1946 (Resignation: Constitution of 1946 Declaration)	0 years, 152 days	25 March 1946	Free Thai
		16	11 June 1946 (House of Representatives Resolution)	23 August 1946 (Resignation: "Fatigue")		13 June 1946	
8	Rear Admiral Thawan Thamrongnawasawat (1901–1988)	17	23 August 1946 (House of Representatives Resolution)	30 May 1947 (Resignation (after 7 days of Parliament Session))	1 year, 79 days	26 August 1946	Constitutional Front
		18	30 May 1947 (House of	8 November 1947 (Removed by:		5 June	

			Representatives Resolution)	1947 coup d'état)		1947	
Coup Group (Leader: Field Marshal Phin Choonhavan)			8 November 1947	10 November 1947	0 years, 2 days		Military
(4) (3)	Major Khuang Aphaiwong (1902–1968)	19	10 November 1947 (Great Cabinet Resolution)	21 February 1948 (Term Ends: 29 January, General Election)	0 years, 150 days	27 November 1947	Democrat
		20	21 February 1948 (House of Representatives Resolution)	8 April 1948 (Resignation: under pressure from Coup Group)		1 March 1948	
(3) (3–8)	Field Marshal Plaek Phibunsongkhram (1897–1964)	21	1 March 1948 (House of Representatives Resolution)	25 June 1949 (Dissolution: 5 June General Election)	9 years, 199 days	21 April 1948	Military — Seri Manangkhasila Party (1955–1957)
		22	25 June 1949 (House of Representatives Resolution)	29 November 1951 (Re-appointed after: 1949 coup d'état)		6 July 1949	
		23	29 November 1951 (Coup d'état Declaration)	6 December 1951 (Dissolution: 26 February General Election)		No Formal Policies	
		24	6 December 1951 (House of Representatives Resolution)	24 March 1952		11 December 1951	
		25	24 March 1952 (House of Representatives Resolution)	21 March 1957 (Term Ends: 26 February General Election)		3 April 1952	
		26	21 March 1957 (House of Representatives Resolution)	16 September 1957 (Removed by: 1957 coup d'état)		1 April 1957	
Coup Group (Leader: Field Marshal Sarit Thanarat)			16 September 1957	21 September 1957	0 years, 5 days		Military
9	Pote Sarasin (1905–2000)	27	21 September 1957 (House of Representatives Resolution)	1 January 1958 (Dissolution: 15 December General Election)	0 years, 102 days	24 September 1957	Independent
10 (1)	General Thanom Kittikachorn	28	1 January 1958 (House of Representatives	20 October 1958 (Resigned after:	0 years, 292 days	9 January 1958	Military — National

	(1911–2004)		Resolution)	1958 coup d'état)			Socialist
"Revolutionary Council" (Leader: Field Marshal Sarit Thanarat)			20 October 1958	9 February 1959	0 years, 112 days		Military
11	Field Marshal Sarit Thanarat (1909–1963)	29	9 February 1959 (House of Representatives Resolution)	8 December 1963 (Died in office)	4 years, 303 days	12 February 1959	Military
(10) (2–3)	Field Marshal Thanom Kittikachorn (1911–2004)	30	9 December 1963 (House of Representatives Resolution)	7 March 1969 (Mandated: 10 February General Election)	7 years, 344 days	19 December 1963	Military
		31	7 March 1969 (House of Representatives Resolution)	17 November 1971 (Removed then re-appointed himself after: 1971 coup d'état)		25 March 1969	United Thai People's Party (1968–1971)
National Executive Council (Leader: Field Marshal Thanom Kittikachorn)			18 November 1971	17 December 1972	1 year, 29 days		Military
(10) (4)	Field Marshal Thanom Kittikachorn (1911–2004)	32	18 December 1972 (House of Representatives Resolution)	14 October 1973 (Resigned after: 14 October 1973 Uprising)	0 years, 301 days	22 December 1972	Military
12	Professor Sanya Dharmasakti (1907–2002)	33	14 October 1973 (Royal Command)	22 May 1974 (Resignation: Incomplete Constitution Draft)	1 year, 124 days	25 October 1973	Independent
		34	27 May 1974 (House of Representatives Resolution)	15 February 1975 (Mandated: 26 January General Election)		7 June 1974	
(6) (2)	Mom Rajawongse Seni Pramoj (1905–1997)	35	15 February 1975 (House of Representatives Resolution)	14 March 1975 (Parliamentary Disapproval of Formal Policy)	0 years, 27 days	6 March 1975	Democrat
13	Mom Rajawongse Kukrit Pramoj (1911–1995)	36	14 March 1975 (House of Representatives Resolution)	20 April 1976 (Dissolution: 4 April General Election)	1 year, 37 days	19 March 1975	Social Action
		37	20 April 1976 (House of Representatives	25 September 1976 (Resignation: Controversy of		30 April 1976	

(6) (3–4)	Mom Rajawongse Seni Pramoj (1905–1997)		Resolution)	Thanom Kittikachorn's return from exile)	1 year, 124 days		Democrat
		38	25 September 1976 (House of Representatives Resolution)	6 October 1976 (Removed by: 1976 coup d'état)		No Formal Policies	
Administration Reform Council (Leader: Admiral Sangad Chaloryu)			6 October 1976	8 October 1976	0 years, 2 days		Military
14	Thanin Kraivichien (1927–)	39	8 October 1976 (Administration Reform Council Resolution)	20 October 1977 (Removed by: October 1977 coup d'état)	1 year, 34 days	29 October 1976	Independent
Administration Reform Council (Leader: Admiral Sangad Chaloryu)			20 October 1977	10 November 1977	0 years, 21 days		Military
15 (1–2)	General Kriangsak Chomanan (1917–2003)	40	11 November 1977 (Coup d'état Declaration)	12 May 1979 (Dissolution: 22 April General Election)	2 years, 113 days	1 December 1977	Military
		41	12 May 1979 (House of Representatives Resolution)	3 March 1980 (Resignation: Oil Crisis and Refugee Conflict)		7 June 1979	
16 (1–3)	General Prem Tinsulanonda (1920–)	42	3 March 1980 (House of Representatives Resolution)	30 April 1983 (Dissolution: 19 January, Thai general election, 1983)	8 years, 154 days	28 March 1980	Military
		43	30 April 1983 (House of Representatives Resolution)	5 August 1986 (Dissolution: 1 May General Election)		20 May 1983	
		44	5 August 1986 (House of Representatives Resolution)	4 August 1988 (Dissolution: 29 April General Election)		27 August 1986	
17 (1–2)	General Chatichai Choonhavan (1922–1998)	45	4 August 1988 (House of Representatives Resolution)	9 December 1990 (Resignation: New Cabinet Formation)	2 years, 204 days	25 August 1988	Chart Thai
		46	9 December 1990 (House of Representatives Resolution)	23 February 1991 (Removed by: 1991 coup d'état)		9 January 1991	
National Peace Keeping Council (Leader: General Sunthorn Kongsompong)			24 February 1991	2 March 1991	0 years, 6 days		Military

18 (1)	Anand Panyarachun (1932–)	47	2 March 1991 (National Peace Keeping Council Resolution)	7 April 1992 (Mandated: 22 March General Election)	1 year, 36 days	4 April 1991	Independent
19	General Suchinda Kraprayoon (1933–)	48	7 April 1992 (House of Representatives Resolution)	10 June 1992 (Resigned due to: Black May event)	0 years, 47 days	6 May 1992	Military
—	Meechai Ruchuphan (1938–) (Acting Prime Minister)	—	24 May 1992 (Royal Command)	10 June 1992 (Resignation to make way for: Anand Panyarachun)	0 years, 17 days	No Policy Statement	Independent
(18) (2)	Anand Panyarachun (1932–)	49	10 June 1992 (House of Representatives Resolution)	23 September 1992 (Dissolution: 22 September General Election)	0 years, 105 days	22 June 1992	Independent
20 (1)	Chuan Leekpai (1938–)	50	23 September 1992 (House of Representatives Resolution)	13 July 1995 (Dissolution: 19 May General Election)	2 years, 293 days	21 October 1992	Democrat
21	Banharn Silpa-archa (1932–)	51	13 July 1995 (House of Representatives Resolution)	25 November 1996 (Parliament Dissolution: 27 September General Election)	1 year, 135 days	26 July 1995	Chart Thai
22	General Chavalit Yongchaiyudh (1932–)	52	25 November 1996 (House of Representatives Resolution)	9 November 1997 (Resignation: 1997 Asian Financial Crisis)	0 years, 349 days	11 December 1996	New Aspiration
(20) (2)	Chuan Leekpai (1938–)	53	9 November 1997 (House of Representatives Resolution)	9 February 2001 (Term Ends: 6 January General Election)	3 years, 92 days	20 November 1997	Democrat
23 (1–2)	Police Lt. Colonel Dr. Thaksin Shinawatra (1949–)	54	9 February 2001 (House of Representatives Resolution)	9 March 2005 (Term Ends: 6 February General Election)	5 years, 55 days	26 February 2001	Thai Rak Thai
		55	9 March 2005 (House of Representatives Resolution)	5 April 2006 (Dissolution after 2005–2006 political crisis: 24 February 2006)		23 March 2005	

	Police General Chitchai Wannasathit (1949–) (Acting Prime Minister)		5 April 2006 (Royal Command)	23 May 2006 (Resigned after: 2 April General Election)	0 years, 48 days	No Policy Statement	Thai Rak Thai
(23) (3)	Police Lt. Colonel Dr. Thaksin Shinawatra (1949–) (Caretaker Prime Minister)		23 May 2006 (House of Representatives Resolution)	19 September 2006 (Removed as caretaker Prime Minister by: 2006 coup d'état)	0 years, 119 days	No Policy Statement	Thai Rak Thai
Council for National Security (Leader: General Sonthi Boonyaratglin, then later Air Chief Marshal Chalit Pukbhasuk)			19 September 2006	1 October 2006	0 years, 12 days		Military
24	General Surayud Chulanont (1943–)	56	1 October 2006 (Council for National Security Declaration)	29 January 2008 (By virtue of section 298 of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand (2007 Version))	1 year, 120 days	3 November 2006	Independent
25	Samak Sundaravej (1935–2009)	57	29 January 2008 (House of Representatives Resolution)	8 September 2008 (Constitutional Court ruling)	0 years, 224 days	18 February 2008	People's Power
26	Somchai Wongsawat (1947–) (Acting Prime Minister from 8 to 17 September 2008)	58	18 September 2008 (House of Representatives Resolution)	2 December 2008 (Constitutional Court ruling)	0 years, 84 days	7 October 2008	People's Power
	Chaovarat Chanweerakul (1936–) (Acting Prime Minister)		2 December 2008 (House of Representatives Resolution)	15 December 2008 (Constitutional Court ruling)	0 years, 15 days	No Policy Statement	Independent
27	Abhisit Vejjajiva (1964–)	59	17 December 2008 (House of Representatives Resolution)	5 August 2011 (Dissolution: 3 July General Election)	2 years, 231 days	30 December 2008	Democrat
28	Yingluck Shinawatra (1967–) (Acting Prime Minister since 9 December 2013)	60	5 August 2011 (House of Representatives Resolution)	9 December 2013 (Dissolution after 2013 political crisis)	2 years, 126 days	23 August 2011	Pheu Thai
			9 December 2013 (Caretaker capacity)	Incumbent (Planned 2 February General Election)	0 years, 66 days	No Policy Statement	

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